

# *Math 106 - Midterm 1.*

The exam consists of 6 questions. Each page of the exam is worth 10 points. The maximum number of points is 50.

**Name:**

Acknowledgement and acceptance of honor code:

Signature:

Problem	Score
Problem 1	
Problem 2	
Problem 3	
Problem 4	
Problem 5	
Problem 6	
Total	

**Problem 1 (10 points)**

Write the following complex numbers in standard form  $a + bi$ :

(i) [5]

$$\exp\left(-1 + \frac{i\pi}{4}\right)$$

(ii) [5]

$$\frac{1 + 3i}{1 - 2i}$$

**Problem 2 (10 points)**

(i) [5] Determine the domain of definition of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{z^2 - 16i}.$$

(ii) [5] Compute the derivative of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{z - 1}{2z + 1}$$

at  $z = -1 + \frac{i}{2}$ .

**Problem 3 (10 points)**

True or false:

(i) [2]  $\sqrt{z}$  is an entire function.

(ii) [2] the complex numbers  $z$  with  $|z - 2 + 3i| = 1$  form a line in the complex plane.

(iii) [2] a function  $f$  is holomorphic if and only if  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial \bar{z}} = 0$ .

(iv) [2]  $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} e^z = \infty$ .

(v) [2]  $u(x, y) = x^3 + y^3$  is harmonic.

**Problem 4 (10 points)**

Let  $u(x, y) = x - y + 2x^2 - 2y^2$ .

- (i) [6] Check that  $u$  is harmonic. Find a holomorphic function  $f$  whose real part is  $u(x, y)$  and  $f(0) = 0$ .

- (ii) [4] Write  $f$  as a function of  $z$  alone.

**Problem 5 (5 points)**

Using the Cauchy-Riemann equations verify that the function

$$f(x, y) = 2x^2 - 2y^2 + 2xy + i(-x^2 + y^2 + 4xy)$$

is entire.

**Problem 6 (5 points)**

Determine the 9th derivative of the function

$$f(z) = \exp\left((-1 + i\sqrt{3})z\right)$$

at  $z = 0$ .