

Homework 2, Math 263A: Lie Groups and Lie Algebras
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1. **An alternate description of irreducible representations of $SU(2)$:** Let V_m be the space of homogeneous polynomials in two complex variables of total degree m , an $m + 1$ -dim'l complex vector space. Define a representation Π_m of $SU(2)$ on V_m by the formula

$$\Pi_m(g)f(z_1, z_2) = f(g^{-1}(z_1, z_2)^T).$$

Let χ_m be the character of this representation and T the maximal torus of $SU(2)$ consisting of elements

$$t_\theta = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-i\theta} \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Compute $\Pi_m(t_\theta)$ on each monomial $z_1^k z_2^{m-k}$.
- (b) Compute $\pi_m \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$ (π is the induced Lie algebra rep'n.) and conclude that Π_m is irreducible (using facts from our discussion about representations of $su(2)$).
- (c) Give an explicit finite geometric series for $\chi_m(t_\theta)$ and express the sum as a quotient.
- (d) Decompose $\chi_m \chi_n$ as a sum of chi_N s and give a formula for the multiplicity of Π_N in $\Pi_m \otimes \Pi_n$.
2. Work out the representation of $sl(3, \mathbb{C})$ with highest weight $(2,0)$ acting on a subspace of $\mathbb{C}^3 \otimes \mathbb{C}^3$. Determine all the weights of this representation and their multiplicity (i.e. the dimension of the associated weight space). Verify the dimension formula in this case: the irreducible representation of highest weight (m_1, m_2) has dimension

$$\frac{1}{2}(m_1 + 1)(m_2 + 1)(m_1 + m_2 + 2)$$

- (a consequence of the Weyl character formula to be shown next week).
3. What changes in the previous exercise for the highest weight representation $(1,1)$?
4. Let $\mathfrak{h}_{\mathbb{C}}$ be the complexification of the Lie algebra of the Heisenberg group, i.e. the space of all complex 3×3 upper triangular matrices with 0 on the diagonal. Show that $\mathfrak{h}_{\mathbb{C}}$ does not have a Cartan subalgebra.
5. Suppose that \mathfrak{g} is a complex Lie algebra with the complete reducibility property. Show that \mathfrak{g} is semisimple.

6. Let \mathfrak{g} be a complex semisimple Lie algebra with compact real form $\mathfrak{k} \cong \text{Lie}(K)$, for K a compact Lie group. Let $\mathfrak{t} = \text{Lie}(T)$ be a maximal commutative subalgebra associated to maximal torus T .

(a) Let $Z(T)$ be the centralizer of T in K . Show that $Z(T)$ is isomorphic to $Z(\mathfrak{t}) = \{A \in K \mid \text{Ad}_A(H) = H \text{ for all } H \in \mathfrak{t}\}$.

(b) Let $N(T)$ be the normalizer of T in K . Show that $N(T)$ is isomorphic to $N(\mathfrak{t}) = \{A \in K \mid \text{Ad}_A(H) \subset \mathfrak{t} \text{ for all } H \in \mathfrak{t}\}$.

Hence the Lie algebra and Lie group definition of the Weyl group coincide.