

Thm (W) The poset of cells of $(G_{\text{ren}})_{\geq 0}$ is Eulerian — if you fix a cell C & look at all cells in closure, the alternating sum of cells is 1.

This + CW complex \Rightarrow The Euler char. of the closure of each cell is 1.

Explicit Description of face poset of P_G .

- Can assume that G is bipartite

Def A planar-perfect matching of a planar graph G is a subset of edges M s.t. each internal vertex of G is incident to the edge in M .

Def An elementary subgraph of G is a collection of edges which obtained by taking a union of several planar-perfect matchings.

Prop The face lattice of P_G is isomorphic to the lattice of all elementary subgraph of G obtained by inclusion.

Prop (PSW) Suppose we have a map $\psi: (\mathbb{R}_{>0})^n \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^{n-1}$
 $(t_1, \dots, t_n) \mapsto [h_1(t_1; t_n) : \dots : h_n(t_1; t_n)]$

where the h_i 's are Laurent polynomials w. positive coeff.

Let S be the set of all exponent vectors in \mathbb{Z}^n which occurring among the h_i 's & let Q be the conv. hull of S . Then ψ extends to a natural map

$$\psi': X_Q \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^{n-1}$$

which is well-defined on $(X_Q)_{\geq 0}$.